

ANANDALAYA PERIODIC TEST-1

Class: XII

Subject: HISTORY (027) M.M: 40 Date: 18-07-2024 Time: 1hr 30 min

General Instructions:

- This Question paper is divided into four sections-Section A, B, C, D, E
- ii. Section-A: Question no. 1 to 10 are objective type questions of 1 mark each.
- iii. Section-B: Question no. 11 is case base question carrying 3 marks.
- iv. Section-C: Question no. 12 and 13 are short answer type question, carrying 3 marks each.
- Section-D: Question no. 14 and 15 long answer type questions, carrying 8 marks each.
- vi. Section-E: Question no. 16 map-based questions carrying 5 marks.

	SECT	ΓΙΟΝ-A		
1.	 Identify the ruler of Satvahana dynasty with the help of the following information. He claimed to be both a unique Brahmana and a destroyer of the pride of Kshatriyas. He also claimed to have ensured that there was no intermarriage amongst members of the four Varnas. 			(1)
	(A) Gotami putra Siri Vijaya Satakani			
	(C) Gotami putra SiriYana Satakani (D) Gotami pu		ri Pulumayi	
2.	Who among the following had issued the first (A) The Yaudheyas (B) The Parthians	gold coins in the First (C) The Guptas	Century CE? (D) The Kushanas	(1)
3.	Which one of the following statements is correct explanation of 'Endogamy'?			(1)
	(A) Marriage outside a kin group	(B) Marriage within a kin group		
	(C) A woman having several husbands	(D) A man having so	everal wives	
4.	Which group of scholars among the following reconstructed the dietary practices of Harappa from the remains of charred grains and seeds found in Harappan sites?			(1)
	(A) Archeo-Zoologists(C) Geo-Archeologists	(B) Archeo- Ethnographists(D) Archeo-Botanists		
5.	Which of the following artefacts of the Harappan civilization was mainly used for long distance communication?			(1)
	(A) Shells (B) Stones	(C) Seals	(D) Steatite	
6.	Which of the following scripts deciphered by James Princep?			(1)
	(A) Bengali and Hindi		(B) Sanskrit and Devanagari	
	(C) Greek and Kharosthi	(D) Brahmi and Kha	ırosthı	
7.	Define the term 'Epigraphy'.			(1)
8.	Allahabad Pillar inscription also known as	·		(1)
9.	Distinguish between Patriliny and Matriliny.			(1)

Distinguish between Patriliny and Matriliny.

10. Identify the given image from the following options:



- (A) Sculpture of a Gupta ruler
- (C) Sculpture of a Maurya ruler
- (B) Sculpture of a Kusana ruler

(1)

(3)

(D) Sculpture of a Chola ruler

SECTION-B

- 11. Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions that follow:
 - Draupadi's marriage Drupada, the king of Panchala, organised a competition where the challenge was to string a bow and hit a target; the winner would be chosen to marry his daughter Draupadi. Arjuna was victorious and was garlanded by Draupadi. The Pandavas returned with her to their mother Kunti, who, even before she saw them, asked them to share whatever they had got. She realised her mistake when she saw Draupadi, but her command could not be violated. After much deliberation, Yudhisthira decided that Draupadi would be their common wife. When Drupada was told about this, he protested. However, the seer Vyasa arrived and told him that the Pandavas were in reality incarnations of Indra, whose wife had been reborn as Draupadi, and they were thus destined for each other. Vyasa added that in another instance a young woman had prayed to Shiva for a husband, and in her enthusiasm, had prayed five times instead of once. This woman was now reborn as Draupadi, and Shiva had fulfilled her prayers. Convinced by these stories, Drupada consented to the marriage.
 - (11.1) Why did king of Panchala organize a competition?
 - (11.2) What was the form of Draupadi's marriage during Mahabharata Era?
 - (11.3) Analyse the role of the seer Vyasa in the Mahabharata.

SECTION-C

- 12. Discuss how were Harappan seals and sealings used to facilitate long distance communication? (3) What did the sealing convey?
- 13. Explain the sources used by historians to reconstruct the history of the Mauryan Empire. (3)

SECTION-D

- 14. What do Ashoka's inscriptions talk about the Mauryas? Describe the limitations of the (8) inscriptional evidences.
- 15. Who were Chandals? Critically examine the duties as laid down in Manusmriti for the Chandals. (8) SECTION-E
- 16. On the given outline map of India locate and label the following places:

 a. Sanchi, b. Topra, c. Meerut Pillar d. Avanti, e. Magadha